



ANIMAL
EDUCATION
CENTRE

CONSERVATION



ACTIVITY BOOK



What's Inside?

- Puzzles
- Colouring
- Fun facts
- Activities

All about the endangered species at East Park's Animal Education Centre – and those living in Yorkshire too!



Working in partnership

Ring-tailed Lemur

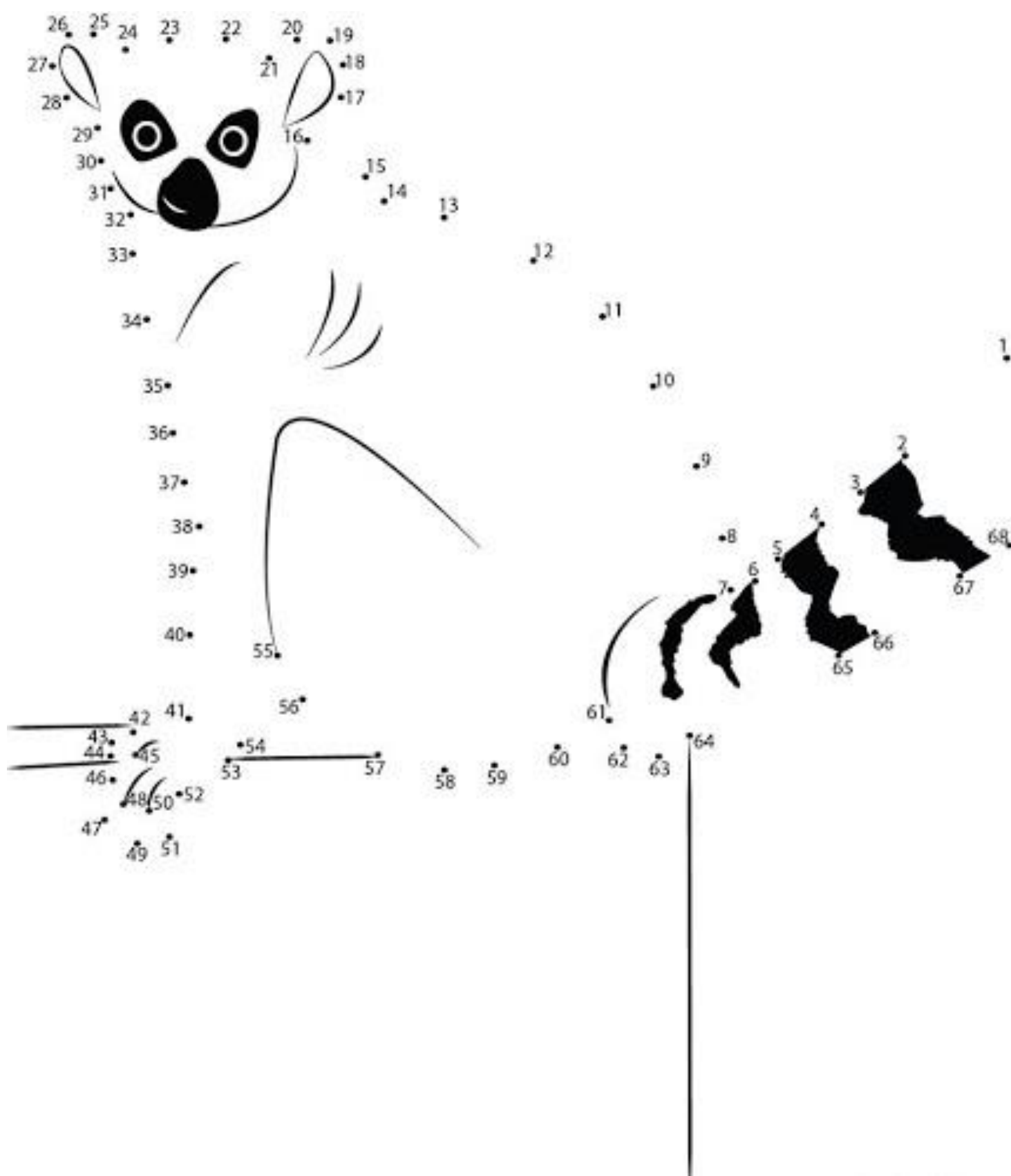
Lemurs live only on the island of Madagascar which is an island off the coast of Africa.

There are over 100 different types of lemur, ranging from the tiny mouse lemur to the large Indri who likes to skip side-ways with its hands in the air.

Lemurs eat insects, fruit, leaves and flowers. They will also eat tree bark and sap.

Lemurs like to live in groups, called troops. Up to 20 lemurs can be found living together.

Ring-tailed lemurs are an endangered species.



The Ring-tailed lemurs at the Animal Education Centre are called Smudge and Hera.

Colour me in!



GO WILD: ANIMAL MASK

CAREFULLY COLOUR IN AND CUT OUT TO MAKE YOUR MASK



Goffin's Cockatoo

These very noisy birds come from an area called the Tanimbar Islands off the coast of Indonesia.

These cockatoos are very quick learners and have quite a mischievous personality.

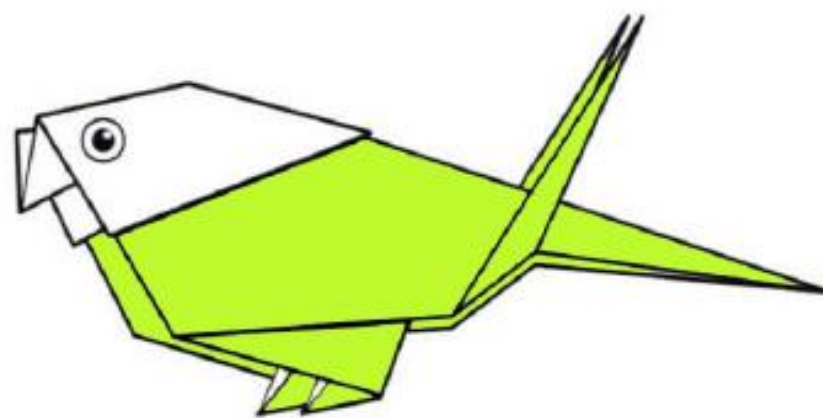
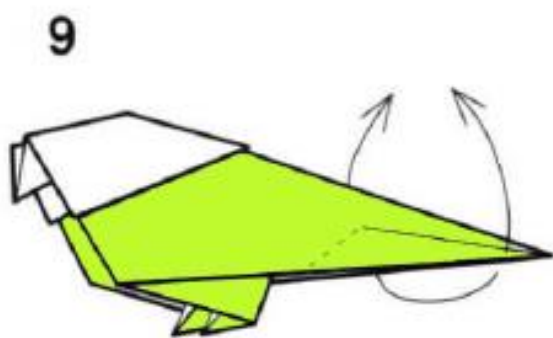
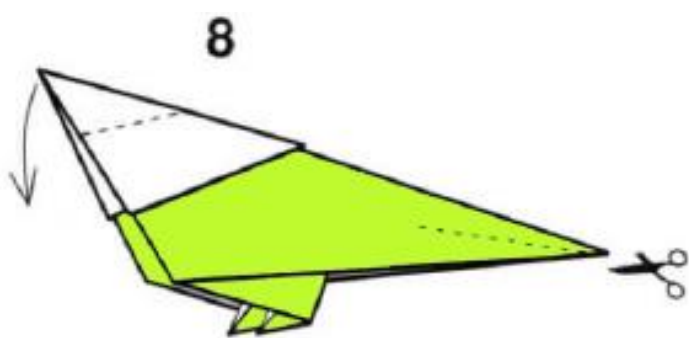
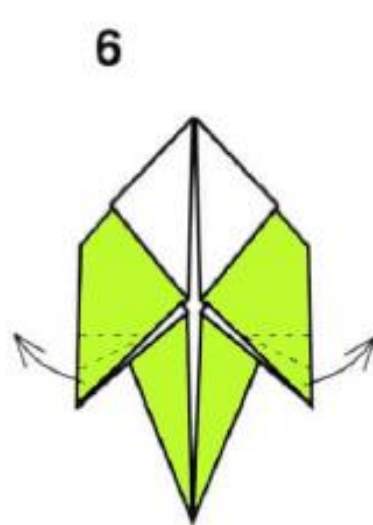
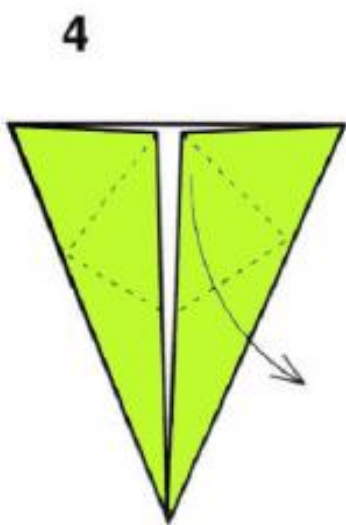
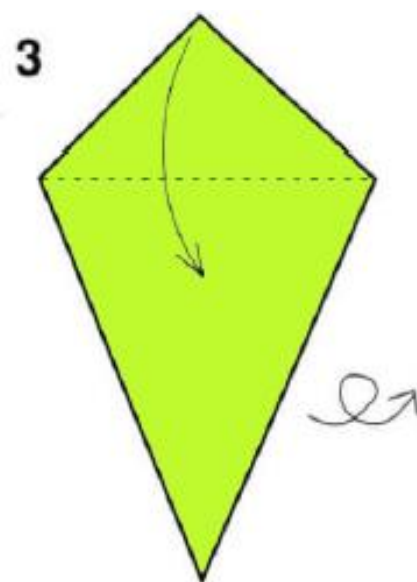
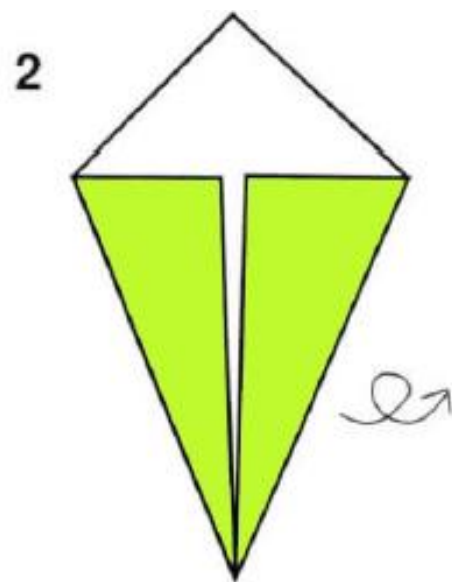
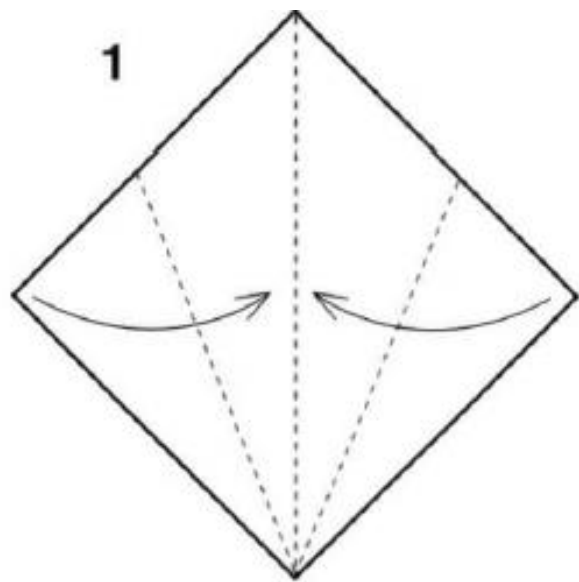
They live high in the trees of coastal forests where they feed on fruits, nuts, seeds and insects.

The Goffin's Cockatoo is classified as Near Threatened Species.



The Goffin's Cockatoo at the Animal Education Centre is called Charlie. She lives with an Umbrella Cockatoo called Princess.

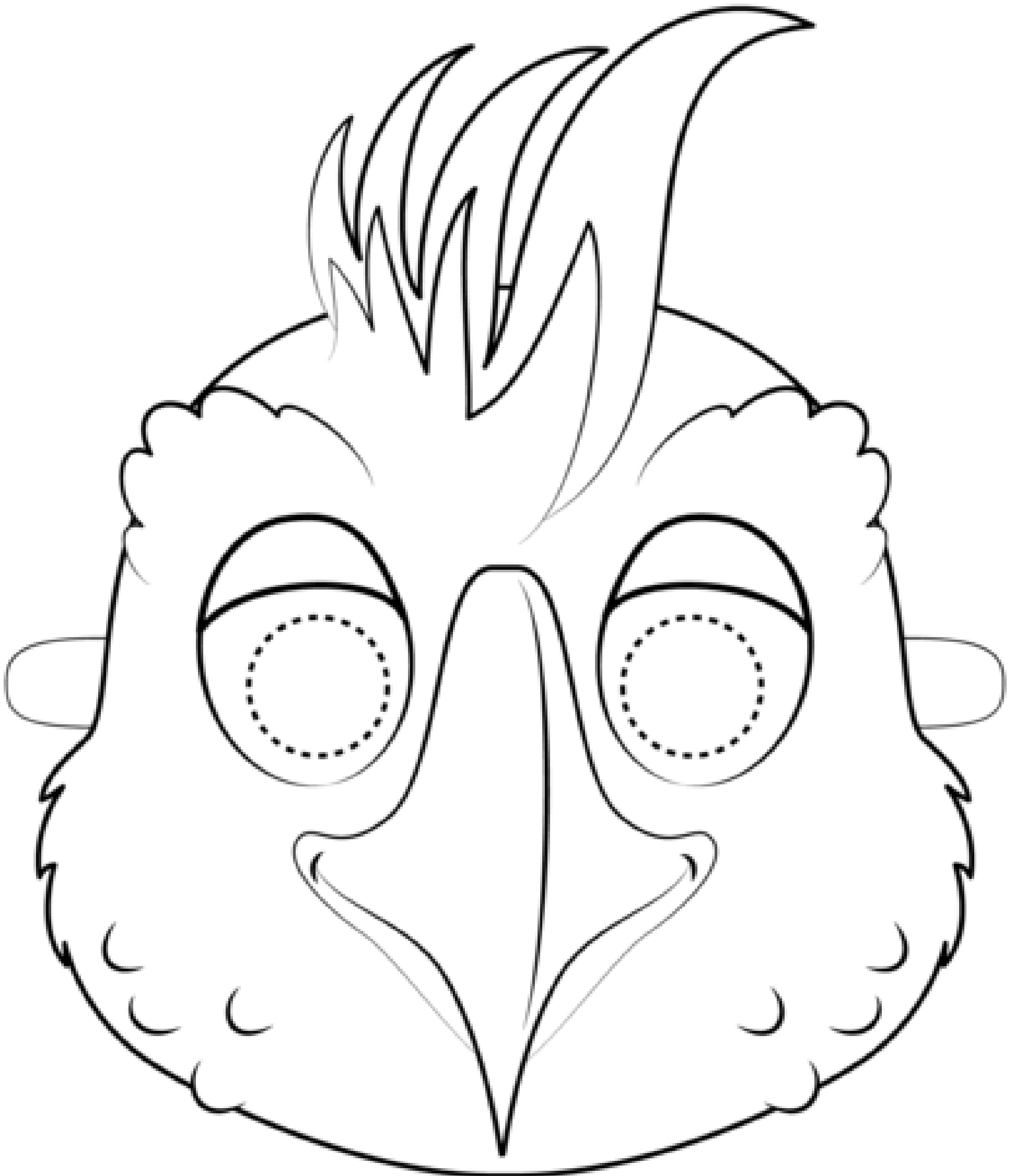
Make me: Origami!



cockatoo

GO WILD: ANIMAL MASK

CAREFULLY COLOUR IN AND CUT OUT TO MAKE YOUR MASK



African Grey Parrot & Blue-Winged Macaw

Parrots are believed to be one of the most intelligent species, some are even capable of imitating human voices!

Many parrots live in tropical forests. They are brightly coloured and eat seeds and nuts. Others also eat fruit, nectar and small insects.

Some parrots can live over 80 years!

The African Grey is the largest parrot in Africa, but because of their popularity as pets, they are now an endangered species. The African Grey's at the Animal Education Centre are called Jasper and Reggie.

The Blue-winged Macaw, also known as the Illigers Macaw, come from central and eastern South America. They are Near Threatened in the wild. The male Blue-winged Macaw at the Animal Education Centre is called Billy, he lives with 6 girls.



A Balancing Act: Parrot Science

BALANCING PARROTS

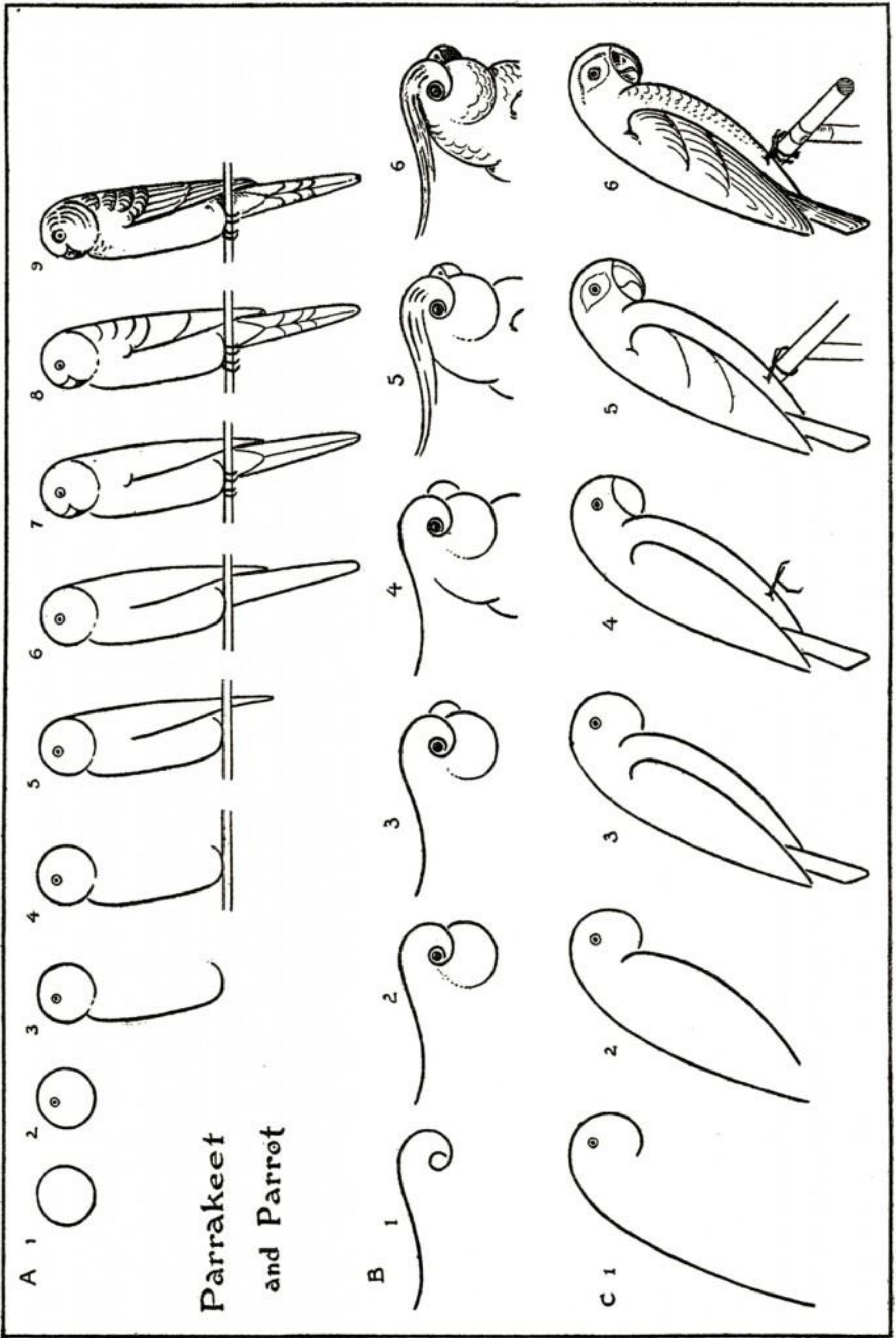
- 1) Cut out the parrot and decorate it using bright colours - you can do both sides if you want to.
- 2) Attach a penny to the parrot's tail using sticky tape.
- 3) Try balancing it on a pencil or on the edge of a table



Parrots have great balance when perching in the trees. When the bird places weight on its feet, the muscles in the leg force the tendons of the feet to tighten, keeping the foot closed. This gives the bird a vice-like grip around any branch it may be resting on, so the bird doesn't slip off.

Some parrots also enjoy hanging upside down! With such strong feet, there is no risk of falling here.

Learn to draw: Parrots



Yorkshire's Native Wildlife

From the spectacular salmon runs, the fastest birds and the mighty whales, Yorkshire is home to some of the country's most incredible creatures.

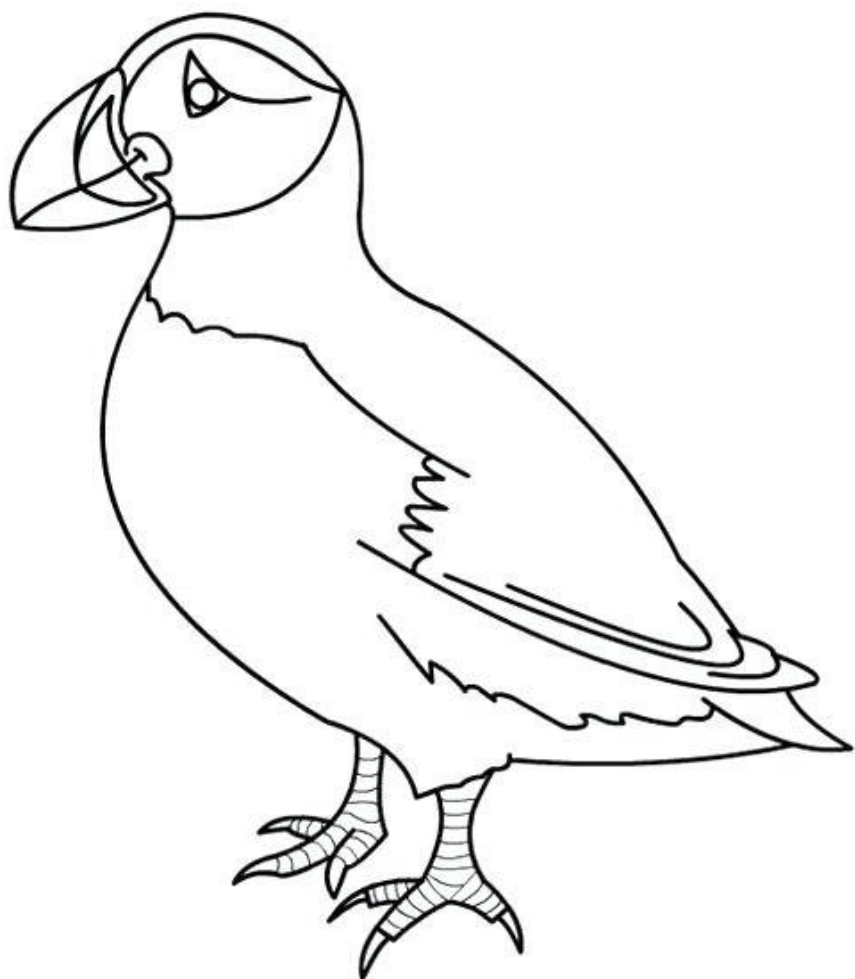
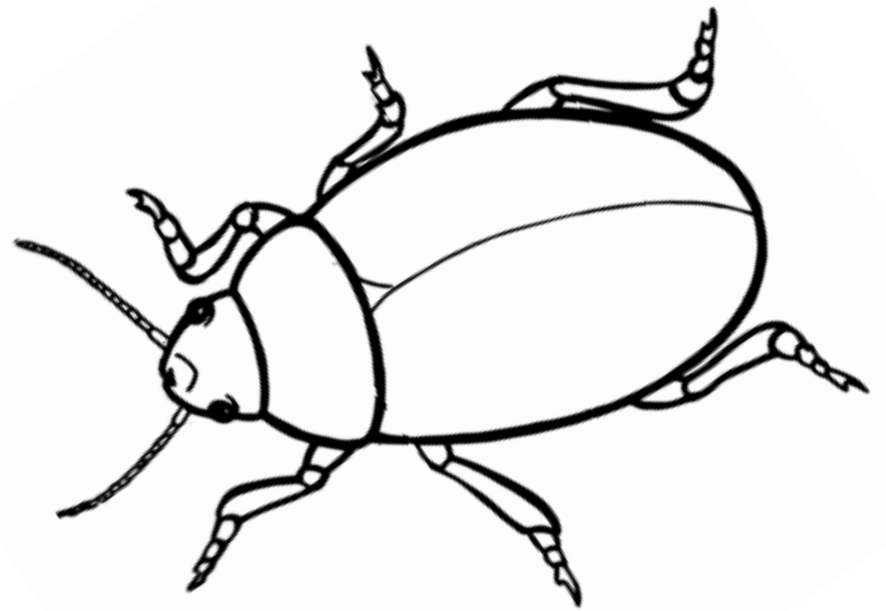
The Wild Side of Yorkshire Wordsearch

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ATLANTIC SALMON
 AVOCET
 DRAGONFLY
 KINGFISHER
 GRASS SNAKE
 COMMON SEAL
 WEASEL
 TANSY BEETLE
 BADGER
 HEDGEHOG
 RED DEER
 STOAT
 CATSHARK
 DOLPHIN
 OTTER
 HAWKMOTH
 HARE
 PUFFIN
 BARN OWL

Colour me in!

Did you know? The Tansy beetle is an endangered species. The largest remaining population lives on the banks of the River Ouse, near York.



Bempton Cliffs in Bridlington is one of the best places to view Puffins in England. They arrive each year from May to nest in the cliffs. A baby puffin is called a 'puffling'.

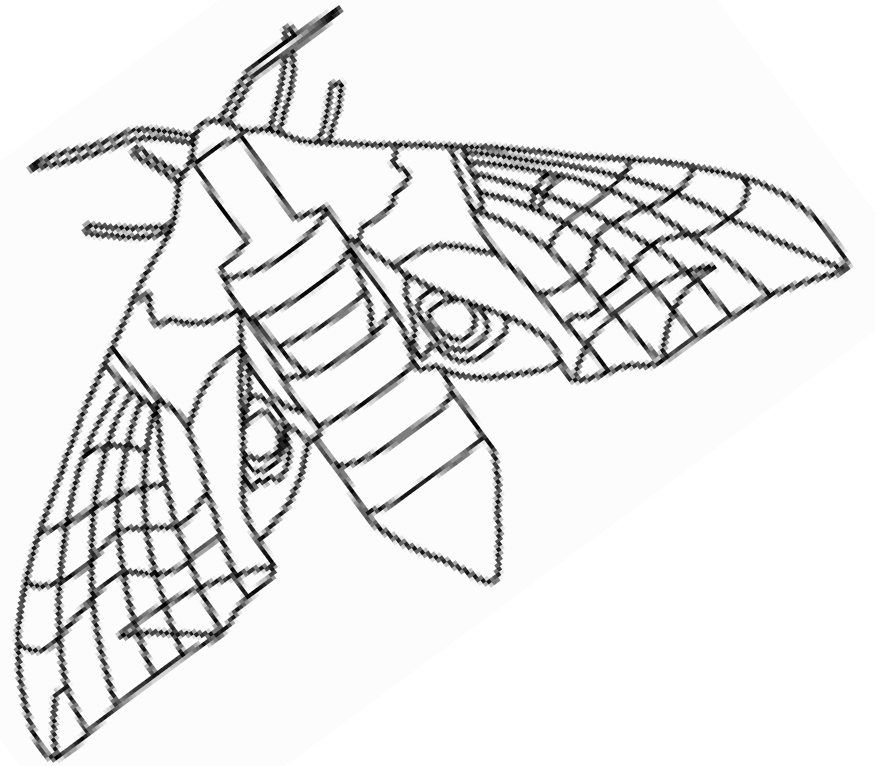
Otters are very secretive and hard to spot, but with a little patience you may get lucky – you just need to know where to look.



Otters have been spotted at Noddle Hill Nature Reserve in Bransholme, Hull, as well as other wetland reserves across the region.

Colour me in!

Hawkmoths are some of the largest and most impressive insects to discover. You can find them living in parks, woods and even your back garden - their caterpillars are just as spectacular too!



Hedgehogs are nocturnal and only come out at night. They are covered with a coat of very sharp spines to protect them from predators. They eat beetles, millipedes, worms, slugs and snails. A baby hedgehog is called an 'urchin'.

Barn owls usually hunt at night – even in total darkness they can find a tasty vole to eat. They have excellent eyesight and super sensitive hearing.

Barn owls do not hoot like tawny owls, instead they screech.

